# MAT 136 (Calculus I), Quiz 7, Prof. Jim Swift 

Name: $\qquad$
You may work on this in groups, but turn in your own quiz.
Let the function $f$ be defined by $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+1$ for this entire worksheet.

1. Compute $f^{\prime}(x)$ and find the largest interval(s) on which $f$ is increasing, and on which $f$ is decreasing.
2. Compute $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ and find the largest interval(s) on which $f$ is concave up, and on which $f$ is concave down.
3. Fill in the blanks in these four sentences . Fill in the first blank with "increasing" or "decreasing", and fill in the second blank with "concave up" or "concave down".
On the interval $(-\infty, 0]$, the function $f$ is
and
On the interval $[0,1]$, the function $f$ is
and
On the interval $[1,2]$, the function $f$ is
On the interval $[2, \infty)$, the function $f$ is
and
and

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Name: $\qquad$
You may work on this in groups, but turn in your own quiz.
Let the function $f$ be defined by $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+2$ for this entire worksheet.

1. Compute $f^{\prime}(x)$ and find the largest interval(s) on which $f$ is increasing, and on which $f$ is decreasing.
2. Compute $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ and find the largest interval(s) on which $f$ is concave up, and on which $f$ is concave down.
3. Fill in the blanks in these four sentences . Fill in the first blank with "increasing" or "decreasing", and fill in the second blank with "concave up" or "concave down".
On the interval $(-\infty, 0]$, the function $f$ is
and
On the interval $[0,1]$, the function $f$ is
and
On the interval $[1,2]$, the function $f$ is
On the interval $[2, \infty)$, the function $f$ is
and
and
