

MA1 259 (Differential Equations) Prof. Swift
 Worksheet 33, Final Exam Review: Higher order ODEs.

1- Fill in the blanks.

Roots of char. equation	$r=2, 5$	$r=-1, -1$	$r=\pm 2i$
char. eqn. in factored form	$(r-2)(r-5)=0$	$(r+1)^2=0$	$r^2+4=0$ or $(r-2i)(r+2i)=0$
LHODECC in operator form Standard form	$(D-2)(D-5)y=0$ $y''-7y'+10y=0$	$(D+1)^2y=0$ $y''+2y'+y=0$	$(D^2+4)y=0$ $y''+4y=0$
General Solution	$y = c_1 e^{2t} + c_2 e^{5t}$	$y = c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 t e^{-t}$	$y = c_1 \cos(2t) + c_2 \sin(2t)$
Particular Solution	$y = 17e^{2t} + 52e^{5t}$	$y = 3te^{-t}$	$y = 5\sin(2t)$

2. (Problem 7 from the sample Final Exam.)

Find the form of the particular solution, but do not evaluate the undetermined coefficients, of the ODE $y''' + y' = t e^t \sin(t) + 3t^2 + t - 1$

• The "rule 1" original form of y_p is:

$$y_p = A e^t \cos(t) + B e^t \sin(t) + C t e^t \sin(t) + D t e^t \cos(t) + E + F t + G t^2$$

$$y_h = C_1 + C_2 \cos(t) + C_3 \sin(t)$$

$$r^3 + r = 0, r(r^2 + 1) = 0, r = 0, \pm i$$

• The "rule 2" final form of y_p is:

$$y_p = (A + C t) e^t \cos(t) + (B + D t) e^t \sin(t) + t(E + F t + G t^2)$$

Note: $y_p = E$ is in y_h , but $y_p = A e^t \cos(t)$ is NOT in y_h .